

The Bee

BEE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

It started the Postoffice at Earlington as Second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year, strictly in advance, \$1.00
Six Months, " " " " .60
Three Months, " " " " .35
Single Copies, " " " " 5c
Succumbent copies mailed free on application.
Correspondents wanted in all parts of the county. Address us for particulars.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One square, first insertion, 10c
Each subsequent insertion, 5c
Display advertisements for long periods contracted for at special rates.
Local notices 5c per line.
Marriages, birth and death notices inserted free.
Quotations will be charged 5c per line.
All advertisements at regular rates must be run on the paper. Extra positions will be given only when arranged for by special contract.
Insert all communications to THE BEE, Earlington, Ky.

THOS. N. BLACK, W. R. PRATT, EDITORS.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1892.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT, BENJAMIN HARRISON, Of Indiana.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT, WHITELAW REID, Of New York.

FOR CONGRESS, DR. J. F. KIMBLEY.

FOR CIRCUIT JUDGE, C. J. PRATT.

FOR COMMONWEALTHS ATTORNEY, A. C. MOORE.

REPUBLICAN ELECTORS.

State-at-Large—W. A. Morrow.

First District—William Dance.

Second District—George H. Towery.

Third District—Allan Bullock.

Fourth District—John W. Lewis.

Fifth District—Michael Minton.

Sixth District—Wesley M. Kardin.

Seventh District—N. C. Cureton.

Eighth District—George M. Davidson.

Ninth District—Howard C. Gudyell.

Tenth District—David Pryse.

Eleventh District—E. K. Wilson.

TARIFF PICTURES.

The largest retail dry goods store in the country is selling blankets of 6-14 pounds weight at \$3.75 a pair, or 60 cents

a pound. These blankets bear a duty of 62.5 cents

a pound. Is the tariff a tax?

WHICH of the two is the better, a bad war record, or no war record at all to speak of?

THE accustomed "no quorum" in Frankfort's halls of legislation may do for a time, but it won't last.

DR. KIMBLEY's vote in Daviess county will be large. He will poll more than his party's vote all over the district.

THE Tammany tiger and the Democratic white elephant are getting nearer and nearer together, but it is a case of the tiger attacking the elephant.

MR. CLEVELAND and Mr. Hill have not met, but nobody can doubt that each has been constantly in the other's thought. They couldn't forget each other if they tried.

DEMOCRATIC shrieks of "Fraud" are the best proof that the Democracy is contemplating some particularly impudent attacks on the ballot box. A Democrat that yells "Fraud!" will always bear hard watching.

FAMILIARIZE yourself with the new system of voting. If left until election day you may find it too late. The system is a very simple one when once understood. Become familiar with it and assist in making others understand how they must vote.

GROVER CLEVELAND's name appears only between the lines in the Wattersonian editorials of the Courier-Journal. After the funeral procession, which Mr. Watterson alluded to in his Chicago speech, has passed it may appear again in bold relief, but not 'till then.

THE Asylum physician in whose care Miss Alice Mitchell was placed by order of the Memphis court has given it out that he has hopes of her complete recovery in a very short time. It may be she has the happy faculty of losing and recovering her reason at will.

WHAT if Judge Gresham does support "Cleve and Steve"? If they don't get help of that sort and lots of it, they will have no showing whatever in the Sucker State. It is still very much in doubt whether either the head or

tail of the Democratic ticket will carry his own State.

A. C. MOORE, of Crittenden county, the Republican candidate for Commonwealths Attorney in this district, is a man of unblemished character. Although young, he is by no means inexperienced in law. The duties of the office to which he aspires, he is well qualified to perform.

NEW JERSEY's industrial statistics follow those of New York, Massachusetts and Indiana in showing the humbug of the calamity party's platform and candidate. This is a great, a growing and a glorious country, and everybody is glad of it except the free trade howler, whose sole stock in trade is national and business disaster.

SPEAKER CRISP will make three speeches in behalf of his friend Ellis in this Congressional district, next week. He will speak at Morgantown on Monday; at Henderson, Tuesday, and at Owensboro on Wednesday. Upon all three of these occasions, a great effort will be made to bring back into the fold what the Democrats term their wayward brethren, alias the Third party.

SHOULD the laboring men of this county forget that Grover Cleveland during his administration showed his contemptuous disregard for their interests by permitting his Commissioner of Indian Affairs to purchase for the use of the Indian Bureau several hundred wagons from lessees of the Tennessee Penitentiary all of which were manufactured by convict labor? The laboring man (and we are all laboring men) will vote as he thinks is to his best interests.

WHETHER of not Harrison and Reid poll the majority of the votes in this State, it is an assured fact that the next Congress will have several Republican members from the grand old Commonwealth of Kentucky. The exact number can be ascertained a few weeks later on. Keep your eye on the second, the third and on several other districts which have heretofore sent Democratic representatives. This year, 1892, is a record breaking year.

THE long-distance telephone, by which the human voice has been transmitted 1000 miles, is a success. A whisper at South Bend, Ind., was distinctly heard at Pittsburgh, and an ordinary tone in New York. The line from New York to Chicago will, in a short time, be ready for public use. In the infancy of the race job asked: "Canst thou send the lightnings that they may go and say unto thee: 'Here we are?'" The electric wire has distanced time and conquered space. Owing to the difference of actual time a dispatch gets there before it starts.—Cincinnati Post.

A BOOMERANG ARGUMENT.

A Democratic organ makes an attempt to discredit Labor Commissioner PECK's report by quoting his assertion several months before its publication that the forthcoming document would furnish the most complete refutation of the theories of protectionists in regard to wages that has ever been published. This declaration adds immensely to the weight and value of the report. MR. PECK's Democracy has been unimpeachable, and he has frankly admitted since the publication of his report showing an increase in industrial wages of more than \$6,000,000 in this State in one year under the McKinley law, that the proof presented by the facts as finally compiled was at once surprising and distasteful to him.

MR. PECK's belief previous to the compilation of his report that it would not show any general increase in wages is strong confirmation of the accuracy of his statistics. He did not think that the facts would show that the workingmen of this State had been benefited by the McKinley law, but he was honest enough to publish the truth though it refuted his own theories. Thus far every Democratic effort to injure Mr. PECK has only resulted in bringing out more clearly the force and importance of his statistics.—N. Y. Press.

HARD RUN.

The following plaintive appeal for aid has been received by prominent Democrats through the county. The Democratic managers seem to be in desperate straits, for one of our most prominent Republicans in this State received one in his mail a few days ago.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20, 1892.

SIR—Wisdom urges a great unprecedented Western campaign to make Cleveland's election sure. Such a campaign as is necessary cannot be carried on without plenty of money, and The World has undertaken to raise a large fund for that purpose. Already nearly \$30,000 has been contributed through The World and other al-

lied news-agents. These subscriptions have been made by about 10,000 persons.

The movement has received the indorsement of the Democratic National Committee. The money is to be expended in organizing meetings, in providing speakers and circulating campaign literature, so that every doubtful voter in every doubtful Western State shall hear or read the gospel truth. The money is to be used only where it will do the most good, and only for legitimate purposes, it being guaranteed that not a cent shall be spent for any newspaper or in bribery, though some money may be used to prevent bribery, fraud and intimidation. Upon the Committee of Distribution will be such men as Governor Boies, Governor Peck and Governor Boyd.

Your name has been suggested as that of a Democrat of public spirit, always ready to respond to calls for help in movements looking to the success of the Democratic party, and we believe that a subscription from you would serve as an incentive to others to contribute also.

Yours very truly,

THE WORLD.

THE MCKINLEY LAW AND CHEAPER LIVING.

All agree that the wisdom of the American protective system was subjected anew to the supreme test of experience by the enactment of the McKinley law. This legislation was however, so comprehensive and far-reaching in its character that its friends may fairly assume that the full measure of its beneficial results could not be realized within the short period of two years, especially in view of the repressive and depressing effects of the elections of 1890. Notwithstanding this limitation, protectionists welcome the most searching examination into the direct and indirect effects of these enactments, and will not attempt to evade any responsibility for their ascertained results.

About one-half the cost of living in a country is for food, and it is safe to say that the sum expended for this purpose in the United States is, and must remain for some time to come, less than that paid for the same quality and quantity in countries competing with us in the production of manufactured articles. In many other articles aside from food the examination of Finance Committee of the Senate and the testimony of parties who have purchased at retail in both countries show that the retail prices in England are in many cases as great or greater than in the United States. The earnings of English artisans and operatives will not permit of the purchase of articles for consumption on the same scale or of the same quality in the United States.

No attempt has yet been made by the tariff reformers to explain the fact which was developed by the Finance Committee's investigation that average retail prices advanced 1.9 per cent. in England during the period in which a decline took place in the United States. The prices were obtained in Great Britain by the committee for June, 1889, and for September, 1891, through skilled experts of the Department of Labor, instructed to careful to get the prices from sales of the same goods at the same places. The prices were obtained for substantially the same list of articles as that used in obtaining prices in this country. Using the same formula which was used in this country for percentages of consumption of various articles, the cost of living was nearly 2 per cent. greater in Great Britain in 1891 than in 1889.

In the presence of these facts it is not strange that the leaders in the new crusade against the protective policy, having staked not only their own reputation as prophets, but also the value of their theories and the wisdom of their principles upon the fulfillment of their prediction with regard to the effects of the tariff legislation of 1890, and having lost in every point of view, should now attempt to distract public attention from their complete discomfiture.—Senator N. W. Aldrich, in October Forum.

On Saturday evening at a saw mill on the land of Leroy Posey, of this county, a young man 22 years of age killed Albert Jones who was running the mill. Clark had become intoxicated at the "blind tiger" run by "C. Sally," a well known character about Providence. Clark and some other companions were raising sand about the premises. Jones came out to quiet them, and then it was that Clark fired with his pistol upon him. The ball entered his breast just above the heart, and death resulted instantly. The murderer gave himself up to the officers of Providence and was taken to Dixon to jail. He claims that Jones rushed at him with a club, but the other witnesses do not confirm his statement. Jones is about 40 years of age. He leaves a wife and four children.—Henderson Journal.

MINING BEES.

John Hogan, of Empire, made a brief visit home last Sunday.

Secretary Bailey attended the Fair at Evansville, last week, a day or two.

The new mines are being rapidly developed. About fifty men now find employment there.

Rufus Clark has the foundation laid for a fine two-story building. W. A. Toombs is the architect.

Judge Stokes and crew remodeled or straightened up several trestles near the mines this week.

Work at Hecla was somewhat retarded last week on account of a breakdown of the electrical machinery.

Ross Baugh, while handling some timbers at No. 9 mine, the other day, had one of his hands pretty badly mashed.

The attendance at the circus, last Saturday, from this place, was immense. Nearly 200 went in on the Providence train alone.

The man who had his hand scratched while "monkeying" with the lion was from this place, of course, and his name is Ed.

Coal Agent Jesse Phillips spent last Sunday here with relatives. Jesse is located at Evansville, and sells the celebrated St. Bernard coal.

Red liquor seems to have got in its work last Saturday, and some of those imbibing too freely were called to settle with the courts at Madisonville.

L. D. Caldwell, who for several years has been employed by the St. Bernard, has severed his connection with the company and moved to Boxville.

Oxide of iron paint has been discovered near Northumberland, Ky. This mine is located about twenty miles from the town of Newcastle. The deposit is said to contain about 96 per cent. of pure oxide of iron.

Those in a position to know say that on account of high freight rates, the Eastern coal being shipped to Chicago, is being sold at a loss to the shippers, and unless rates are reduced shipments will stop.

Thirteen hundred and twenty tons of coal were shipped to Pensacola, Fla., by the Alabama & Tennessee Coal Company on the steamer Alabama, to be unloaded at the coal elevator at Velasco, Texas.

The industrial increase of the south in the products of mines, fields, factories and forests, amounts to over \$2,000,000,000. This progress and development was obtained during the last decade, closing with 1891.

The United States is the producer of more steel and iron than any other country in the world. Excepting Great Britain, the United States is the producer of as much iron and steel as all the other nations of the earth put together.

A sad sight to witness is the destruction, by fire, of a miners residence, which has required years of hard labor to possess. Such was the case, last week, when the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Wagner was consumed by flames. The cause of the fire is unknown. No insurance on the property.

Evansville should be congratulated upon having established within her bounds an agency for the St. Bernard coal, a fuel unsurpassed in this part of the United States, and as the mines run the year round, a full supply of coal is assured them at all times, and that of the best quality on the market.

Col. Robt. Wood, who for the past week has been looking after the State Fair, held at Evansville, is home again, and reports the exhibit as being one of the best on the ground. In fact, outside of Floral Hall, it was conceded by visitors to be the best. Now for the World's Fair.

Our old, faithful friend, John Slattery, met with rather a singular accident last week. He was attending to his regular duties, that of driving a cart, when the animal he was driving fell down, throwing John forward to the ground, and inflicting a painful scalp wound. Dr. Chatten dressed the wound and the sufferer resumed work.

The miners who vote in the coming election for C. J. Pratt, of Madisonville, for Circuit Judge, can rest assured that he is worthy of their support, and will, if elected, be an honor to the position. A case brought before him will be decided only by law and justice, and it will be a great honor to this circuit to elect such a man. Those wishing a good man to preside as their judge should give him their hearty support.

For sometime past it has been predicted that there would soon be a wedding in our town, and the predictions did not prove false, as Mr. and Mrs. Babbage can now testify to their being united in the holy bonds of wedlock last week. For several years past Mr. Babbage has been foreman of the coke works and is known only as an honest and industrious man of good habits, while his bride bears the reputation of being a lady in every sense of the word. Their many friends extend their congratulations.

A new way of settling a strike was adopted by the Decatur (Ill.) Coal Co., last week, and we venture the assertion that few strikes would last long if the same method was always adopted. Yet we fail to see on what grounds the company can claim a victory. "The strike at the Decatur coal mine was settled to-day by the company discharging all the old drivers who wanted an advance of 25c a day

and hiring new drivers who are paid 50c advance over the old rates. All of the miners returned to work. There are no union men in the mine."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY, Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1892.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

FARMING NOW AND OF YORE.

Agriculturists Live Better Now and Find It Hard to Make Ends Meet.

The average farmer does not differ from other mortals in believing that every other man's avocation is more pleasant and profitable than his own, and the idea has not yet passed out of date with many that the tiller of the soil is the most independent and kindly of men. But that the life of the average Michigan farmer is not all passed in cutting clover was the subject of a brief interview which a Detroit Tribune man had with D. Henning, a prominent farmer of Wheatfield, Calhoun county, the other day.

"Things have changed a great deal since the old pioneer days of Michigan farming," said he, "and it is about all that nine out of ten of our farmers can do to keep up existence and interest on their mortgages. What is it? Well, that is easier to ask than to answer. To begin with, farmers with growing families live more extravagantly now than they used. I remember when I was a lad we could all bunch together, get a large picnic wagon, take our best girls and hold our country dances and one dollar apiece for the whole would have scared us to death. Now that amount would scarcely buy the new necktie which a farmer's boy or girl would have to have for such an occasion. I have a farm of nine hundred acres, well stocked and provided with every kind of labor-saving machinery. If any man wants to buy it he will be surprised how pleasantly I will talk to him. I never get beat on anything, but that farm came pretty near doing it. No business man should ever think of farming. In every case he'll find it an expensive luxury. One of our difficulties this year is to secure competent farm hands. On our farm we are paying one dollar and fifty cents a day, all round, and the chief worry of my foreman is to get sufficient help. Plenty of idle men in the cities, eh? Well, they wouldn't be worth shucks to us. The work is too hard for them and anyway adaptability in farming is as necessary as in anything else. The solution of the problem? It may be in operating on a more extensive scale, thus cheapening the cost in every branch of the work, but I doubt if even that will make farming attractive enough for men with capital and ability who can be employed more pleasantly and profitably in any other business. The future of the small farmers of Michigan, particularly those who are mortgage-ridden, is indeed a sorry one to contemplate."

Constitution. Symptoms—Headache, low spirits, eruptive sores, piles, loss of appetite, inactive or irregular bowels. According to the best medical authorities, fully three-fourths of the people of the civilized world suffer in some form of costiveness or irregular action of the bowels. There is no doubt that many diseases are caused by constipation. Aside from creating impurity of the blood, it gives rise to headache, fever, piles, debility, etc. By using German Liver Syrup the bowels, liver and kidneys are soon regulated, and a complete cure is performed. 50c and \$1.00 bottles at Robinson Bros.' drug store.

LIONIZED THE WRONG MAN.

A Prosaic English Merchant Mistaken at Monterey for a Renowned Poet.

The fashionable Hotel Del Monte at Monterey is stirred up over a ludicrous mistake by which a prosaic English merchant was lionized as Robert Buchanan, poet and dramatist. The Briton arrived at the hotel a few days ago with two friends. He registered in a fine hand, and, as he bore a strong resemblance to the author, several ladies present declared he must be the author of "The Shadow of the Sword." So several ladies desired him to write his autograph in their albums with some poetical sentiment. He received all their flattery complacently, but grinding out poetry for them kept them up all night and the result was something to shake confidence in their idol. The next day he was the center of an admiring group. His companions became suspicious and asked the hotel clerk why so much attention was paid their friend. They

were amazed when they learned the true reason, because they declared their friend had never heard of Buchanan. They broke the news gently to him but his conceit received a bad shock. All three packed and left before disclosures came. The next literary lion who goes to Monterey will have to show his publisher's receipt or some strong proof that he is a genuine scribbler.

There is no use in any one suffering with the cholera when Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy can be procured. It will give relief in a few minutes and cure in a short time. I have tried it and know.—W. H. Clinton, Helmetta, N. J. The epidemic at Helmetta was at first believed to be cholera, but subsequent investigation proved it to be a violent form of dysentery, almost as dangerous as cholera. This remedy was used there with great success. For sale by St. Bernard Drug Store, Earlington, Ben T. Robinson, Morton's Gap, George King, St. Charles.

HUMBLED ABOUT MADSTONES.

Merely Pieces of Anhydrous Materials Which Have the Power of Absorption.

The madstone story is going its rounds again. It is the property of this wonderful agent to stick to a raw surface of flesh and suck the poison out of it. That is, the owners say so. As a matter of fact, says the Brooklyn Eagle, no inorganic substance can suck except by the aid of machinery. Again, in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred the dog bites are harmless and there is no poison to be sucked out. Thirdly, credulity is one of the most effective cures in the materia medica and ought to be used often, where people have no real disorder. The whole tradition of the madstone comes from the absorptive power of any anhydrous mineral. Such a stone is filled with pores and by a process akin to that capillary attraction the water that it has lost—in the course of centuries, perhaps—it will soak up again when in contact with liquid. If one wishes to know the action of a madstone let him put a piece of dry clay or shale to his tongue. It will stick. That is all there is to it. There are millions of tons of it in every state in the union, and every family can afford to be without it. These stories of mysterious stones that have come from the far east or that were bought at enormous prices from voodooes and hoodoos and wizards are all humbug. If a person is bitten by a snake or dog it will do him no harm to clap a chip of anhydrous stone to the cut surface. It will stick, just as it will to his tongue or his eye or a damp saucer or a Brooklyn street or the surface of a bar, but let him likewise consult a physician.

Yucatan Chill Tonic.

The great reliable and popular tonic, antiperiodic and febrifuge. It breaks the chill and prevents its return, strengthens the patient and gives healthy tone and vigor to the whole system and can be taken at any time without regard to diet. Price 50c. Warranted at Robinson Bros.' drug store.

The Hue of Water.

It is now admitted that the inherent hue of water is blue. Even distilled water has been proved to be almost exactly of the same tint as a solution of Prussian blue. This is corroborated by the fact that the purer the water is in nature the bluer is its hue.

Advertisements.

IF YOU ARE SICK

WEAK, NERVOUS OR IN PAIN

From some long standing ailment, or feel that your constitution (nervous system) is failing, or that some affliction has taken or is taking permanent hold of you, which you have been, and are still, unable to throw off or control, whether in the first or last stage—remember that Dr. Gregg's Electric Belt and Appliances and system of Home Treatment will cure you.

No medical or other mode of Electric Treatment can at all compare with them. Thousands of women, who suffered for years with complaints peculiar to their sex, have been completely and permanently restored to health. No fever men have also been cured.

Electric Treatment for diseases suggested, properly applied, is perfect and has no good substitute. The Gregg Electric Belt and Appliances are the only ones in existence that supply a perfect mode of application.

The Gregg Electric Foot Warmer, price \$1.00, keeps the feet warm and dry and is the only genuine Electric Insole. People who have paid their money and been cured can tell you what has been done for them in a way that will convince you. Complete catalogue of testimonials, etc., 6 cents. Circular free.

Big Inducements to Good Agents.

ADDRESS THE GREGG ELECTRIC CURE CO., SUITE 501, Inter-Ocean Building, Chicago, Ill.

TABLER'S PILE BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT

CURES NOTHING BUT PILES.

A SURE AND CERTAIN CURE known for 18 years as the BEST REMEDY FOR PILES.

Prepared by RICHARDSON-TAYLOR MED. CO., ST. LOUIS.

MUHLENBERG COUNTY FAIR, Greenville, Ky.,

October 12, 13, 14 and 15, 1892.

Largest Purses Ever Given.

GOOD PREMIUMS.

Races Every Day.

Write for Catalogue.

DR. T. J. SLATON, President.

N. H. SCHAEFER, Secretary.

The ST. BERNARD DRUG STORE

EARLINGTON, KENTUCKY.

DRUGGISTS.

AND DEALERS IN

Patent Medicines and Perfumery.

DRUGGISTS' FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES.

Hair, Tooth, and Paint Brushes.

Paints and Oils.

Ready Mixed Paints, all colors, in small cans.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

LIKE DAVIS

Livery Stable.

First-Class Turn-Outs at Reasonable Rates.

MY RIGS ARE THE BEST IN THE CITY. TRAVELING MEN. Stable and Office on MAIN ST., near Depot. ISAAC DAVIS.

BEN T. ROBINSON, DRUGGIST,

Morton's Gap, Ky.

Always on hand a full and complete stock of DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

PERFUMERY AND TOILET ARTICLES.

PAINTS AND OILS.

And everything else known to the trade.

Physicians Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

PLUCK! GRIT! SAND!

The Pluck to Buy Right.

The Grit to Sell Right.

The Sand to Do Right.

HAVE MADE THE

SUGG & CO. SHOE STORE,

Opposite Court House, Madisonville, Kentucky.

OK

FOOTWEAR AND FURNISHING

HEADQUARTERS.

"O. K." "ALL RIGHT."

O. K. \$2.

440 E. SHOE STORE.